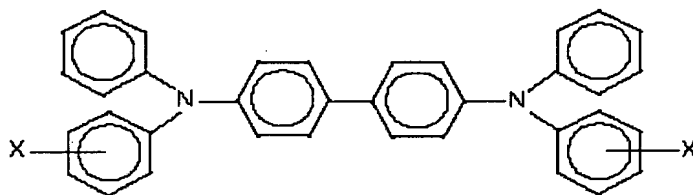


Amendments to the Specification

Please replace paragraph [0068] with the following amended paragraph:

A preferred charge transport compound is an aromatic amine represented by ~~molecular~~ the following molecular formula:



Please replace paragraph [0073] with the following amended paragraph:

The oxidative inhibitors of the invention may be substituted, unsubstituted, monomeric or polymeric compounds and are selected on the basis that they are able to perform multiple oxidative functions. U.S. Pat. No. 4,563,408 (Lin et al) discloses antioxidants (free radical inhibitors or quenchers or stabilizers) which can prevent or retard the autooxidation of organic material including aromatic diamine charge transport molecules, aromatic amine derivatives and hydrazone compounds. U.S. Pat. No. 4,888,262 (Tamaki et al) discloses ester-containing antioxidizing agents comprising hindered phenolics and organic sulfur compounds. U.S. Pat. No. 4,943,501 (Kinoshita et al) discloses antioxidants compounds comprising hindered phenol structure units. The antioxidants disclosed in the Lin, Tamaki and Kinoshita patents can be used in the charge transport layer of the invention, and the Lin, Tamaki and Kinoshita patents are incorporated herein by reference in their entirety. Hindered phenols are the preferred oxidative inhibitors, because of their compatibility with a range of polymers. They also help minimize thermal degradation, are colorless, possess low volatility, have low toxicity and are inexpensive. Hindered phenols are intended to include ring substituted hydroxybenzenes, and more specifically pentaerythritol tetrakis[3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyhydrocinnamate] (also known as erythrityl tetrakis(beta-[4-hydroxy-3,5-di-tert-butylphenyl]propionate erythrityl tetrakis(beta-[4-hydroxy-3,5-di-tert-butylphenyl]propionate))), butylated hydroxytoluene or mixture thereof. The properties of hindered phenols such as their antioxidative efficiency for inhibiting free radicals and singlet oxygen reactions, and their lack of toxicity make suitable as antioxidants of the invention.